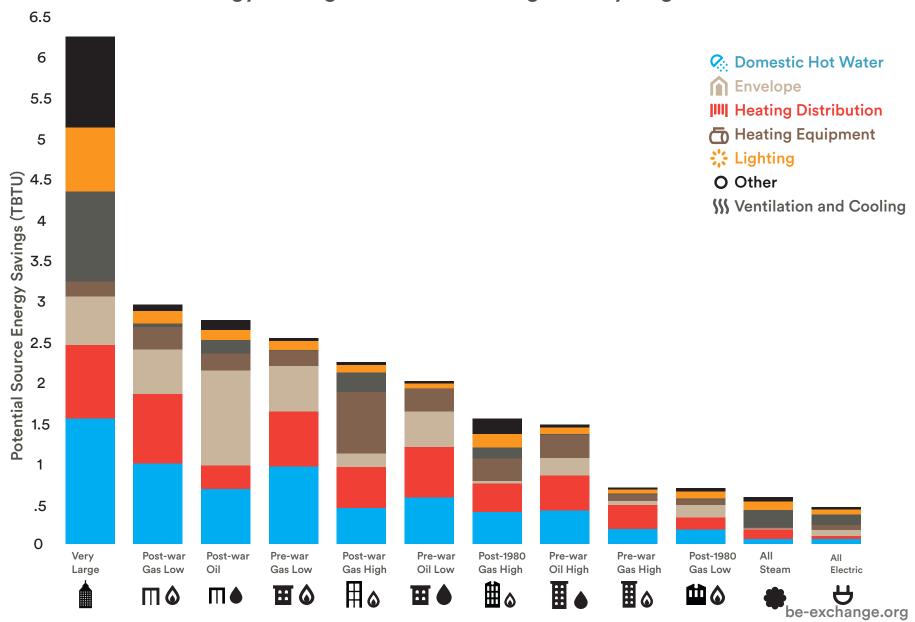
opportunities

Distribution of Energy Savings from ECM Categories by Segment



data into action



ECM packages: touchpoints

Key implementation milestones in building lifecycle

Anytime/Anywhere

lower cost, simple measures

Midcycle Retrofit

low to medium costs, mid-level measures

Substantial Retrofit

longer-term investment, deeper savings

Tenant Turnover

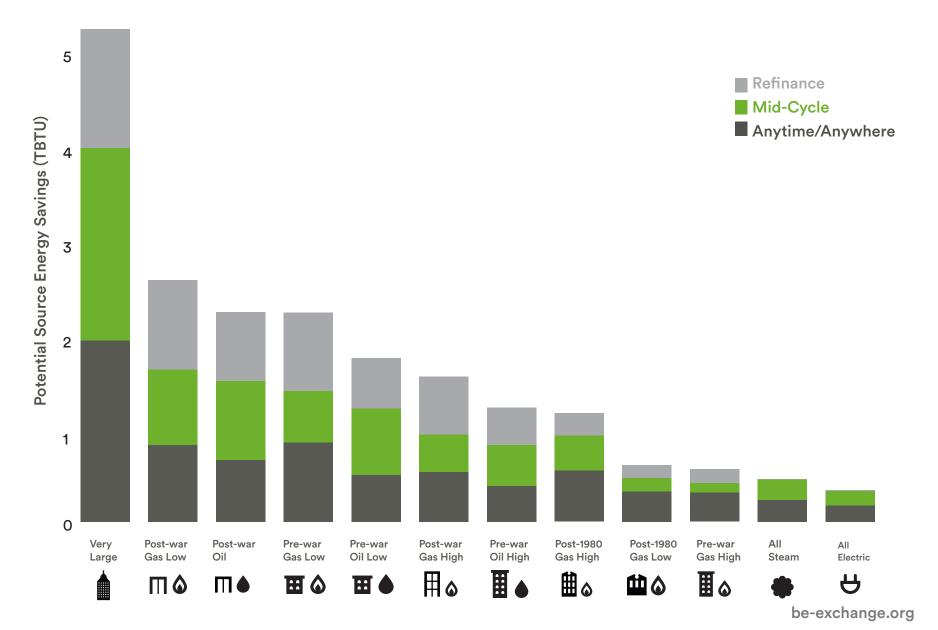
requires tenant unit access

Equipment Replacement

lifecycle and energy upgrade opportunities

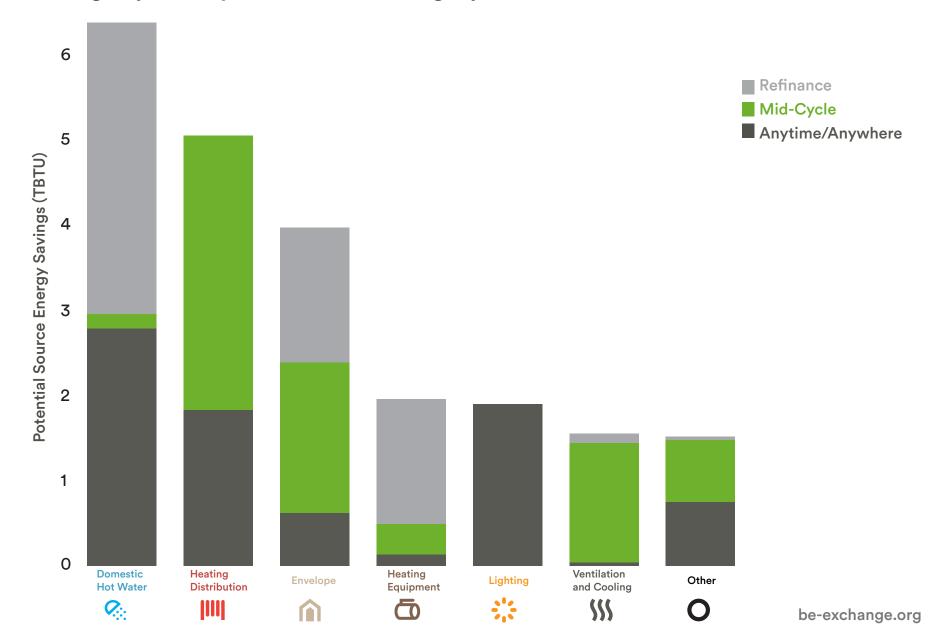
touchpoints

Savings by Touchpoint for each Segment



touchpoints

Savings by Touchpoint for each Category



ECM packages

"Tear-sheets" for each building typology

retrofit packages: post-war gas low-rise **M◊**

This tear-sheet shows 'packages' of energy conservation measures, for key milestones in a building's lifecycle, that can reduce utility bills, maximize energy savings, and improve value and performance.

Typical Building Characteristics

Age
Height
Facade
Heating System
Heating Fuel
Ventilation System

Age
1947–1979
T stories or fewer
Masonry
Hydronic or two pip
Gas or dual fuel
Central ventilation
natural ventilation

Cooling Through-wall or wir

Segment Characteristics

Size 1,032 properties; 15 square feet

Area 9% of all covered m Potential Savings 12% of all potential

Typical Retrofit Costs		
Touchpoint	Anytime/Anywhere	Midcycle Retrofit
Description	Lower cost; simple measures	Low to medium cos
Cost	\$14,560	\$70,000
Savings	\$5,200	\$10,000
ROI	2.8	7.0

All costs and savings reflect a 100 uni, 1000,000 SF building

Turning Data Into Action building retrofit 'packages': post-war

post-war gas low-rise ∏ o								
Ene	orgy Conservation Measure	Anytime/ Anywhere	Midcycle Retrofit	Refinancing/ Substantial Retrofit	Tenant Turnover	Payback (years)	Cost per SF	Energy Savings per SF
555	Install Exhaust Fan Timers					5.0	\$	
0	Install Submetering		•	•		2.0	\$\$\$	
0	Install Solar/Photovoltaic			•		17.0	\$\$\$\$	
0	Upgrade Motors		•	•		5.5	\$\$	
:	Upgrade lights					2.5	\$	-
Ů.	Install Lighting Sensors			•		4.0	\$	
5	Upgrade Burner					6.5	\$\$	
5	Upgrade Boiler					>20	\$\$\$\$	
IIII	Install TRVs and Zone Control					6.5	\$\$\$	
Ш	Install Heating Controls and Thermostats					2.5	\$\$	
Ш	Insulate Condensate Tank					2.5	\$	-
Ш	Insulate Pipes		•	•		2.0	\$	
IIII	Install or Upgrade Master Venting					3.0	\$\$	
î	Replace Windows and Glazing					>20	\$\$\$\$	
î	Increase Wall Insulation					>20	\$\$\$\$	
n.	Increase Roof Insulation					>20	\$\$\$	100 miles
m	Complete Air sealing					6.0	8\$	-
9	Separate DHW from Heating			•		6.5	\$\$\$	
9.	Install Low-Flow Showerheads					1.0	\$\$	_
0	Install DHW Controls					0.5	\$	
0	Install Low Flow Aerators			•		1.5	\$\$	-
0	Insulate Pipes and Tank					6.0	\$	

0-3

3.1-8

8.1-12

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Ventilation & Cooling

(a) Heating Equipment

O Other

Lighting

building retrofit 'packages': post-war gas low-rise

<\$.05

>\$1.00

\$0.05-\$0.25

\$0.26-\$1.00

\$\$

\$\$\$

SSSS

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This list of Energy Conservation Measures (ECM) is based on

LL87 audit data and therefore may be incomplete. Suggested

ECM's for each Building Touchpoint are representative,

and not necessarily applicable to every building. Variety in

specific building systems and condition of equipment must be considered in determining the appropriate packages of ECMs for individual buildings. The first step of any upgrade should be to work with a qualified service provider to develop a scope of work appropriate for your buildings.

IIII Heating Distribution

Domestic Hot Water

n Envelope

retrofit packages: post-war gas low-rise ∏ ◊

This tear-sheet shows 'packages' of energy conservation measures, for key milestones in a building's lifecycle, that can reduce utility bills, maximize energy savings, and improve value and performance.

Typical Building Characteristics

Age 1947-1979

7 stories or fewer Height

Facade Masonry

Heating System Hydronic or two pipe steam

Heating Fuel Gas or dual fuel

Ventilation System Central ventilation and

natural ventilation

Cooling Through-wall or window ACs

Segment Characteristics

Size 1,032 properties; 152,966,300

square feet

9% of all covered multifamily buildings Area **Potential Savings**

12% of all potential GHG reduction



Typical Retrofit Costs

Of Linear stationary and a day				
Touchpoint	Anytime/Anywhere	Midcycle Retrofit	Refinance	Tenant Turnover
Description	Lower cost; simple measures	Low to medium cost; mid-level measures	Long-term investment; deeper saving	Requires tenant unit access
Cost	\$14,560	\$70,000	\$418,000	
Savings	\$5,200	\$10,000	\$31,000	
ROI	28	70	13.5	

All costs and savings reflect a 100 uni, 1000,000 SF building



ECM packages: post-war gas low-rise

post-war gas low-rise M &		Building Touchpoint							
Ene	ergy Conservation Measure	Anytime/ Anywhere		Refinancing Substantial Retrofit	Tenant Turnover	Payback (years)	Cost per SF	Energy Savings per SF	
555	Install Exhaust Fan Timers					5.0	Ś		
0	Install Submetering	-				2.0	\$\$\$	_	
0	Install Solar/Photovoltaic		•			17.0	\$\$\$\$		
o	Upgrade Motors					5.5	\$\$	-	
-	Upgrade lights					2.5	Ś		
1	Install Lighting Sensors					4.0	Ś		
Ē	Upgrade Burner					6.5	\$\$	-	
5	Upgrade Boiler					>20	SSSS		
III	Install TRVs and Zone Control					6.5	\$\$\$	_	
III	Install Heating Controls and Thermostats					2.5	\$\$		
III	Insulate Condensate Tank					2.5	Ś		
III	Insulate Pipes			•		2.0	S		
III	Install or Upgrade Master Venting					3.0	SS		
'n	Replace Windows and Glazing					>20	SSSS	-	
1	Increase Wall Insulation					>20	SSSS	-	
1	Increase Roof Insulation					>20	SSS	100	
ň	Complete Air sealing					6.0	SS	-	
	Separate DHW from Heating					6.5	\$\$\$		
	Install Low-Flow Showerheads					1.0	\$\$	_	
	Install DHW Controls					0.5	\$	-	
	Install Low Flow Aerators					1.5	\$\$	-	
2	Insulate Pipes and Tank	•	•	•		6.0	\$		
Energy Conservation Measure		Cost per Square Foot		Energy Savings per SF (kbtu)		Notes			
55	Ventilation & Cooling IIII Heating Distribution	\$	<\$.05	■ 0-3		This list of E	This list of Energy Conservation Measures (ECM) is based		
)	Other	\$\$	\$0.05-\$0.25	3	5.1-8			may be incomplete. Suggest	
	Lighting	\$\$\$	\$0.26-\$1.00		3.1-12			hpoint are representative,	
5	Heating Equipment	sipment \$\$\$\$ >\$1.00 >12		and not necessarily applicable to every building. Very specific building systems and condition of equipme be considered in determining the appropriate pack ECMs for individual buildings. The first step of any should be to work with a qualified service provider			condition of equipment mus the appropriate packages of The first step of any upgrad		

ECM packages: equipment replacement

Beyond simple 'like-for-like replacement' can shorten ROI

Boiler

upgrade burner; insulate condensate tank; upgrade/install heating controls & sensors; install TRV's; insulate pipes and condensate tank

Roof

add roof / ceiling insulation

Domestic Hot Water

install new DHW controls; insulate pipes and condensate tank

Window

weather stripping; air sealing

equipment replacement

Replacing a major piece of equipment in a building system when it reaches the end of its useful life can be a crucial opportunity for energy efficiency improvements. While a simple code-compliant, like-for-like replacement may net some savings, with additional planning and investment, a comprehensive system upgrade can maximize lifecycle savings and improve performance. Below are potential related system upgrades for several major building systems, using measures determined by an analysis of the LL87 Energy Audit data combined with expert review.

Most of NYC large multifamily buildings have boilers that provide heat and hot water to the building, either distributing the heat through steam or circulated hot water. Often, when the boiler fails, much of the auxiliary equipment connected to the boiler can be upgraded to deliver substantial additional savings. Baseline Measure Potential Related Upgrades* Total

boiler

Turning Data Into Action

building retrofit 'packages': post-war gas low-rine

domestic hot water system

window

Building management and occupants often find a time when it is imperative to replace all of the windows in a building, or at least one or two facades of the building, for a variety of reasons. There are many different window replacement options, usually with very different energy characteristics. Going beyond the lowest cost window options, to include several other related envelope sealing measures, can provide significant energy savings and improvements in tenant comfort.

	Baseline Measure	Potential Related Lipgrades*	Total
В	Replace Windows	Weather stripping Air sealing	
Cost	\$290,000	+ \$10,000	\$300,000
Annual Savings	\$7,000	+ 63,000	\$10,000
Simple Payback	40		30 year

The package estimates are for a 100,000 SF, gas-heated building-

roof

When a roof has passed its useful life, and simple repairs are no longer possible or cost-effective, a major capital investment must be made to replace the roof. Accompanying this replacement with additional measures could improve the life-cycle economics of this replacement.

	Baseline Measure	Potential Related Upgrades*	Total
Δ	Replace roof	Add roof/ceiling insulation	
Cost	\$140,000	+ \$71,000	\$211,000
Annual Savings	\$0	+ \$5,000	\$5,000
Simple Payback		14	

The prockage entimates are for a 100,000 st, gas-heated building.
Payback only relevent for incremental soci of related upgrade.

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biniding setrofit 'packages'; possiwar gas low-rise

® Ruilding Energy Exchange

equipment replacement: boiler

boiler

Most of NYC large multifamily buildings have boilers that provide heat and hot water to the building, either distributing the heat through steam or circulated hot water. Often, when the boiler fails, much of the auxiliary equipment connected to the boiler can be upgraded to deliver substantial additional savings.

	Baseline Measure	Potential Related Upgrades	Total		
<u></u>	Replace boiler	Upgrade burner			
		Insulate condensate tank			
		Upgrade/Install heating controls			
		and sensors			
		Install TRVs			
		Insulate pipes and condesat	e tank		
Cost	\$160,000	+ \$120,000	\$280,000		
Annual Savings	\$11,000	+ \$19,000	\$30,000		
Simple Payback	15		9		

The package estimates are for a 100,000 SF, gas-heated 1-pipe steam building.

path forward

Build the Potential

- Improve Energy Audits & data collection
- Case Studies proof of concept
- Confirm outcomes & savings
- Inform policies & codes

Show the Way

- 'Tear-sheets' & BE-Ex programs
- Retrofit Accelerator
- 'Better Steam Heating' campaign
- Additional targeted campaigns -Ventilation & sealing

Make the Business Case

Scale the market for energy efficiency



thank you.

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