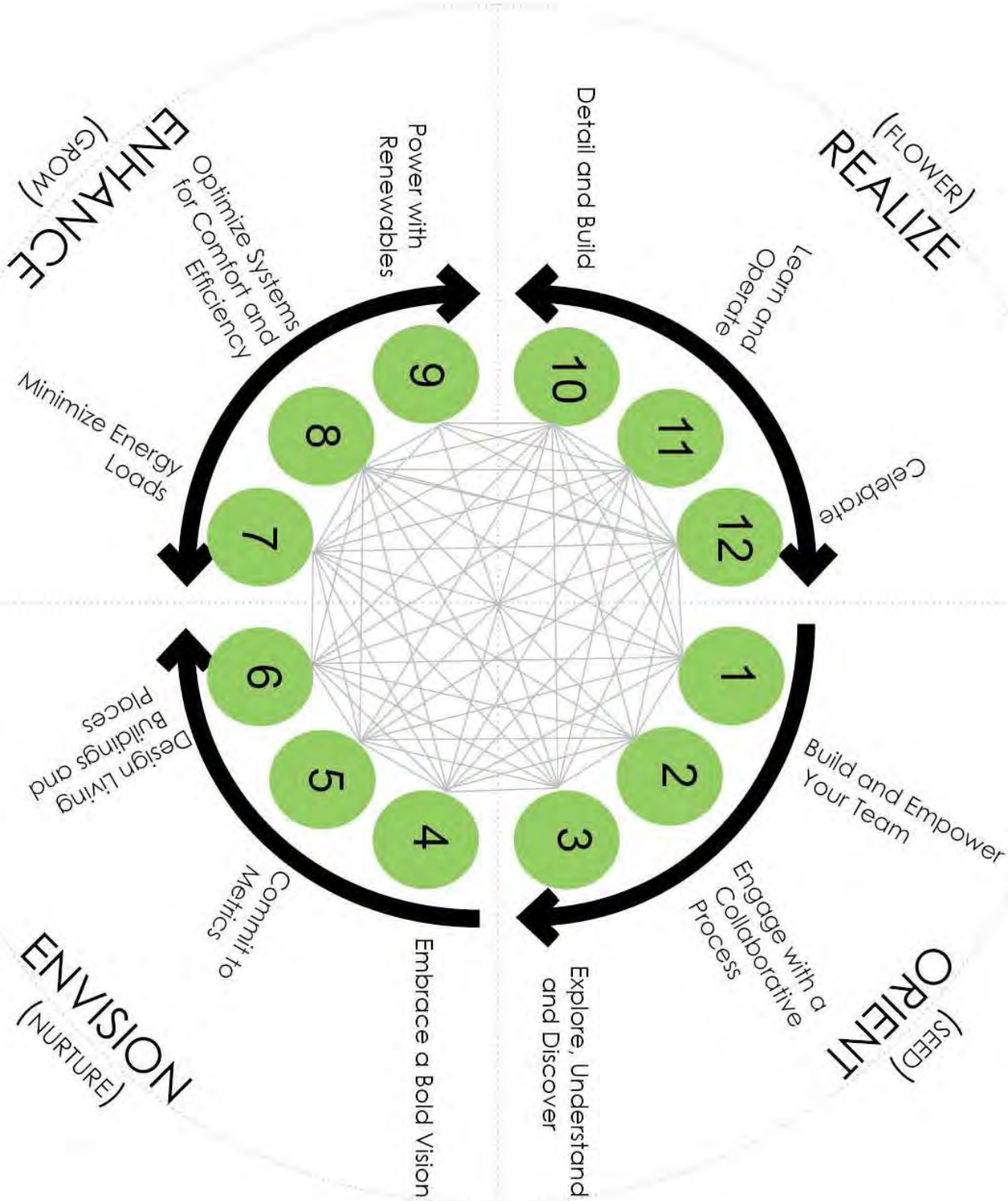
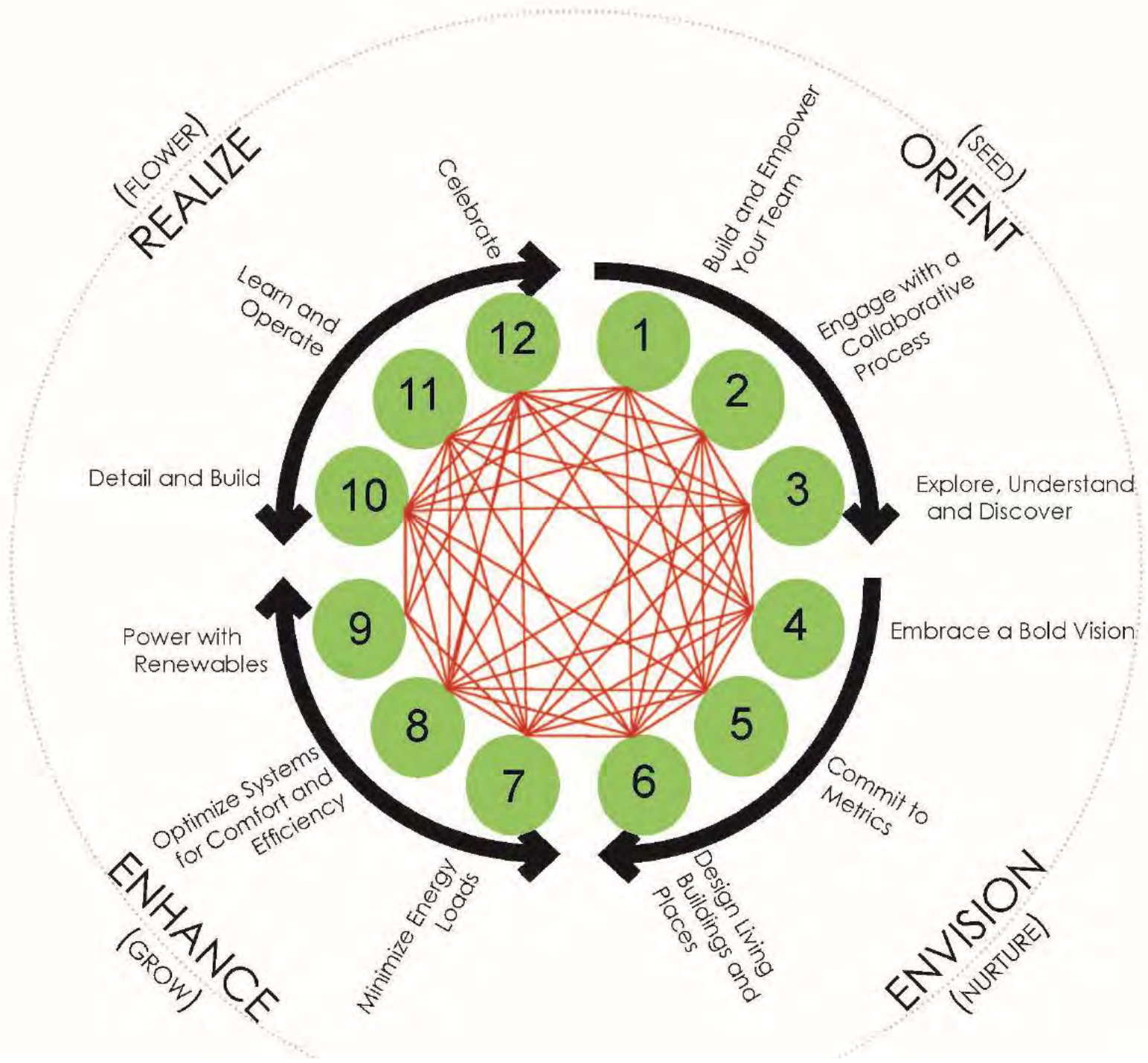


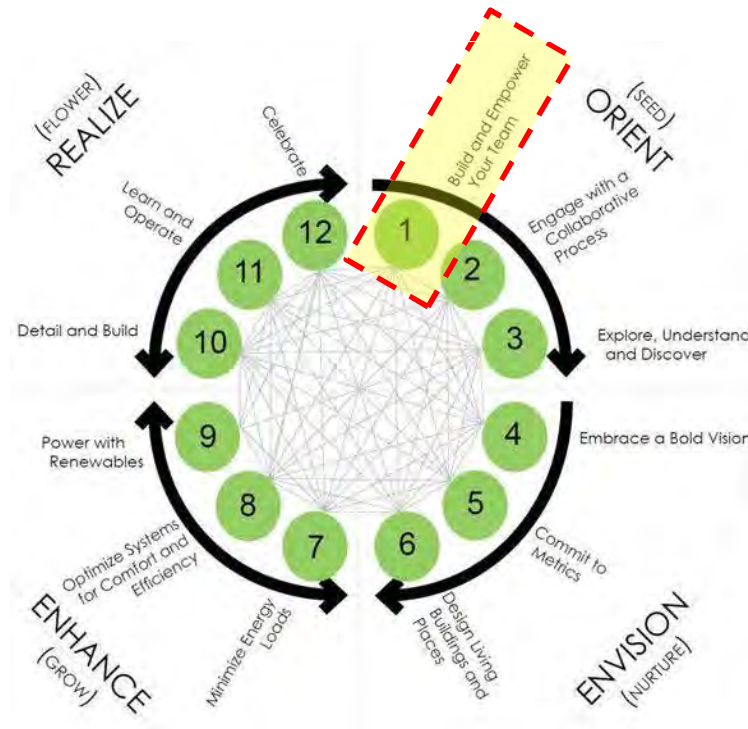
# 12 Practices for Achieving Net Zero





# ORIENT

- Step 1-Build and Empower Your Team
  1. Creating the Right Team
  2. Challenge and Align your Team
  3. Dialogue for Success





# Typical Net Zero Design / Consultant Team



# Joint Venture Net Zero Design Team



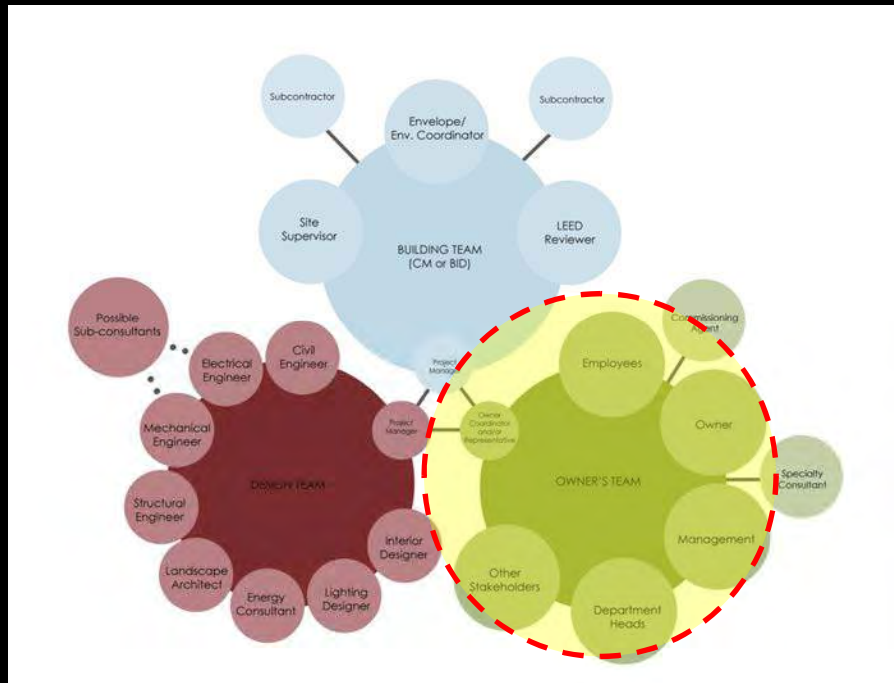
# Design Team With Net Zero Architect Consultant



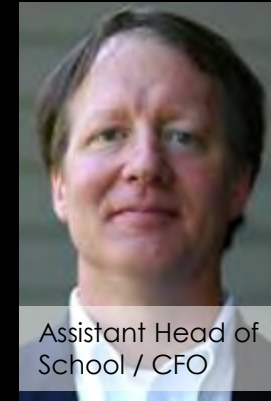


# Step 1-Build and Empower Your Team

## Assemble the Right Client Team



Head of School



Assistant Head of School / CFO

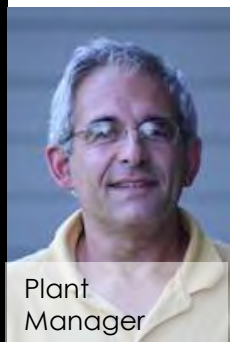


Director of Development



Staff

Board of Directors



Plant Manager

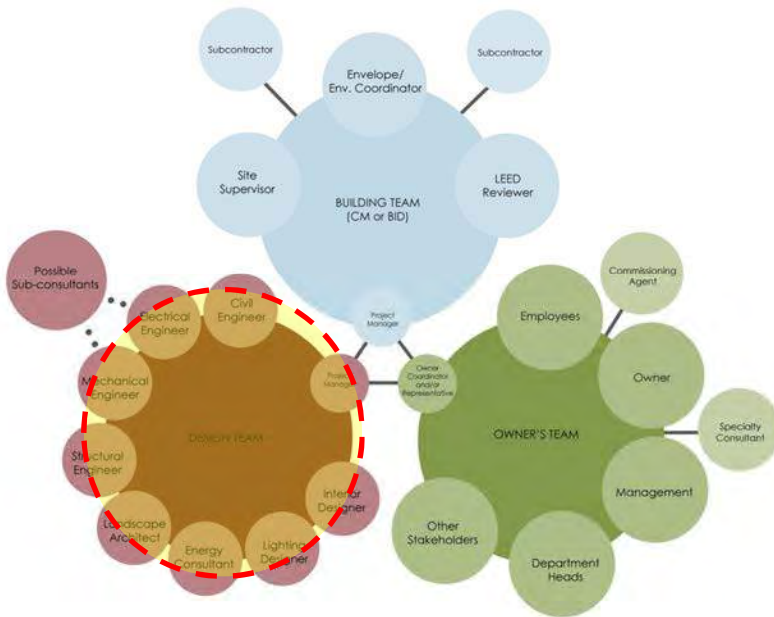


Students

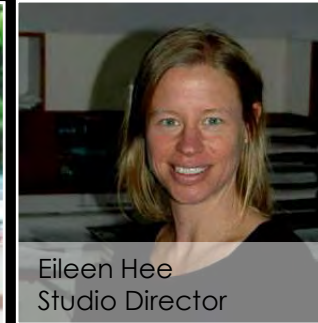
# Step 1-Build and Empower Your Team

## Creating the Right Design Team

- Experience
- Core Mission
- Market Segment



Bill Maclay  
Founding Principal



Eileen Hee  
Studio Director



Bill Gallup  
Senior Associate



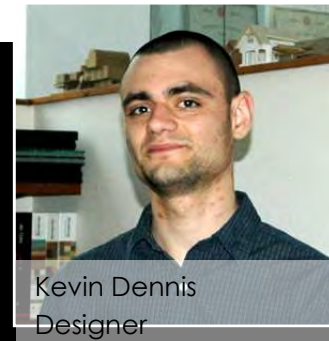
Megan Nedzinski  
Sr. Project Manager



Tom Bodell  
Technical Director



Laura Bailey  
Research Director



Kevin Dennis  
Designer



Marc Young  
Designer, Project  
Manager



Chris Cook  
Designer, Project  
Manager



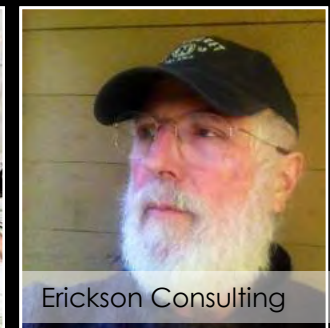
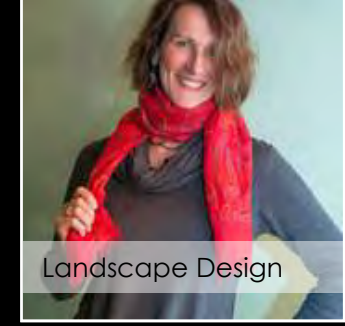
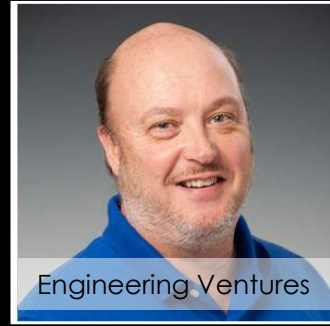
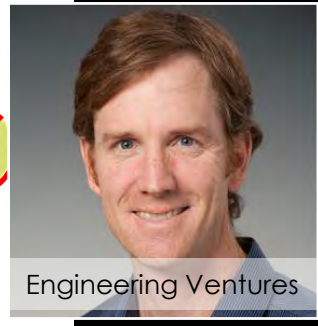
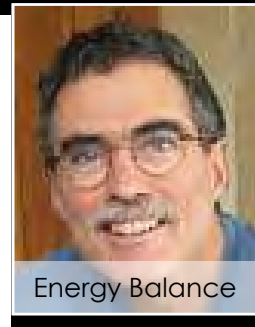
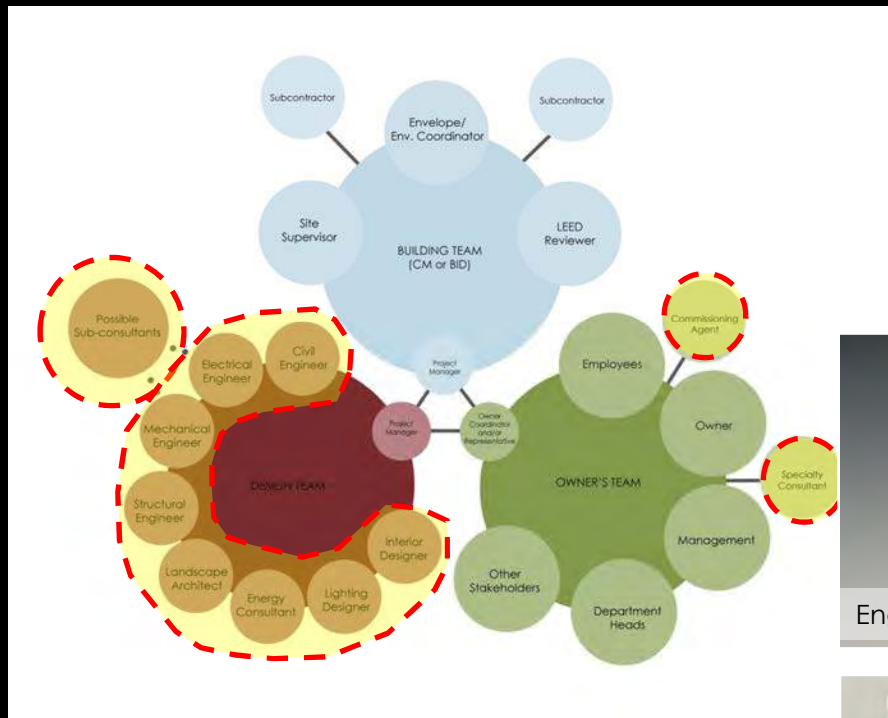
Patricia Lorraine  
Office Manager



# Step 1-Build and Empower Your Team

## Selecting the Right Consultant Team

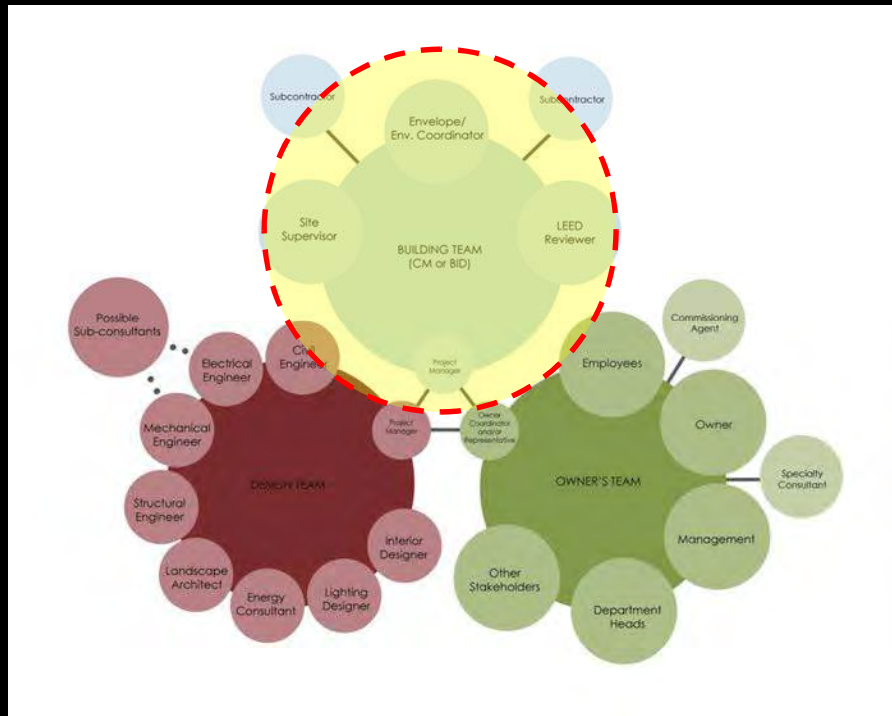
- New vs. Repeat Team
- Team Experience



# Step 1-Build and Empower Your Team

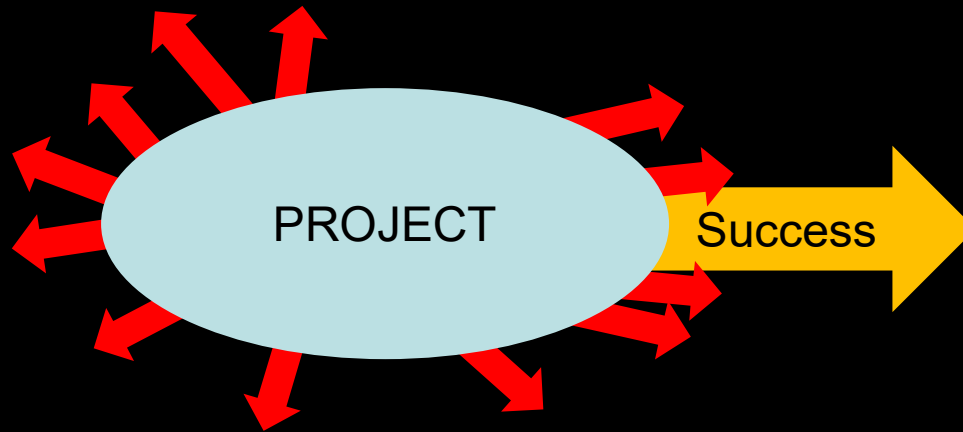
## Selecting the Right Construction Team

- CM vs. Bid Process
- New vs. Repeat Team

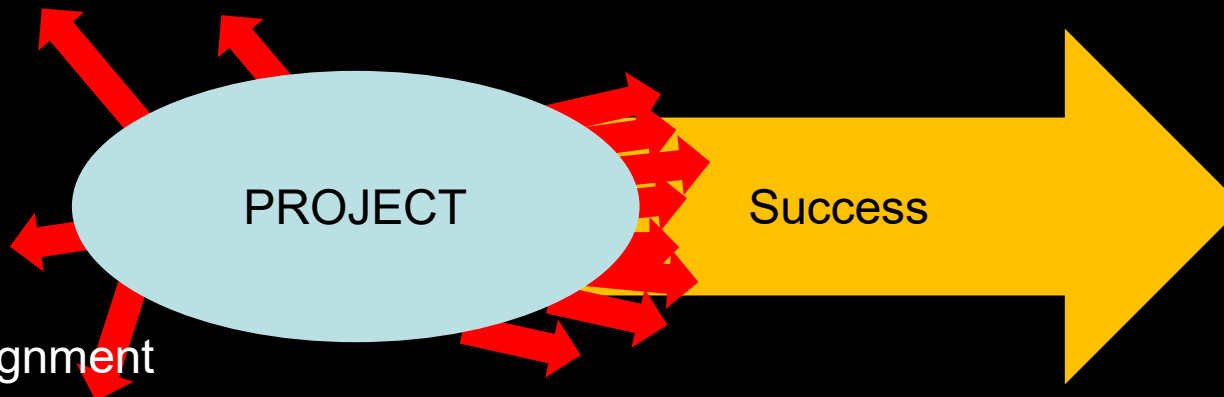


# Step 1-Build and Empower Your Team

*Challenge & Align your Team  
Dialogue for Success*



Poor Alignment

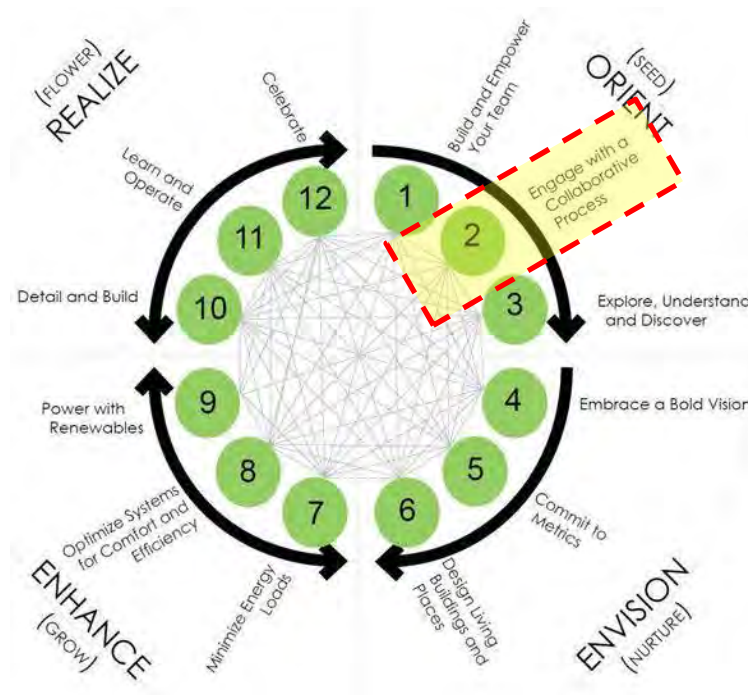


Good Alignment



# ORIENT

- Step 2 – Engage with a Collaborative Process
  1. Engage all stakeholders
  2. Connect with purpose, cares, and concerns
  3. Collaboration, integration and teamwork



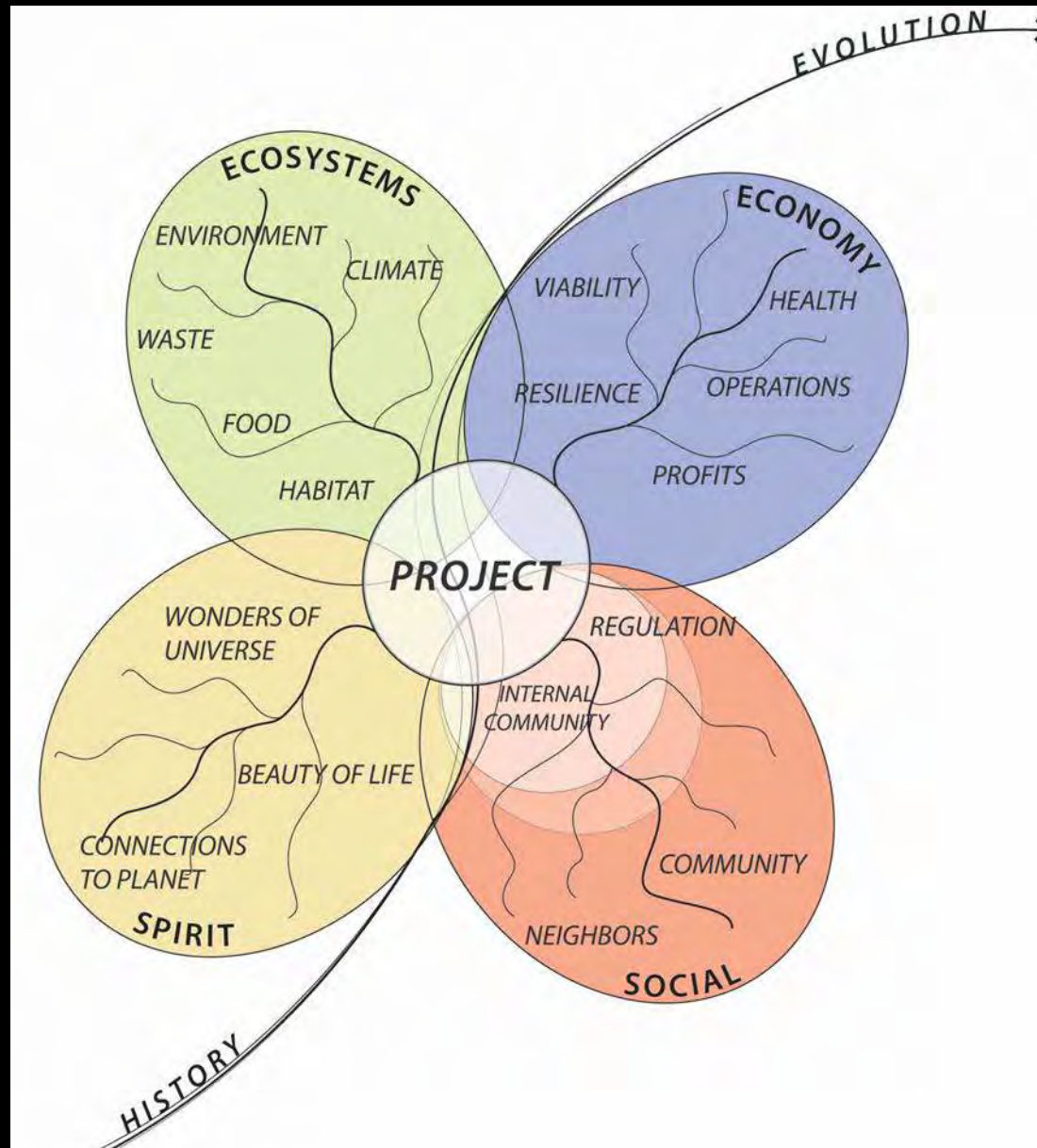
# Step 2 – Engage with a Collaborative Process

*Engage all stakeholders*



# Step 2 – Engage with a Collaborative Process

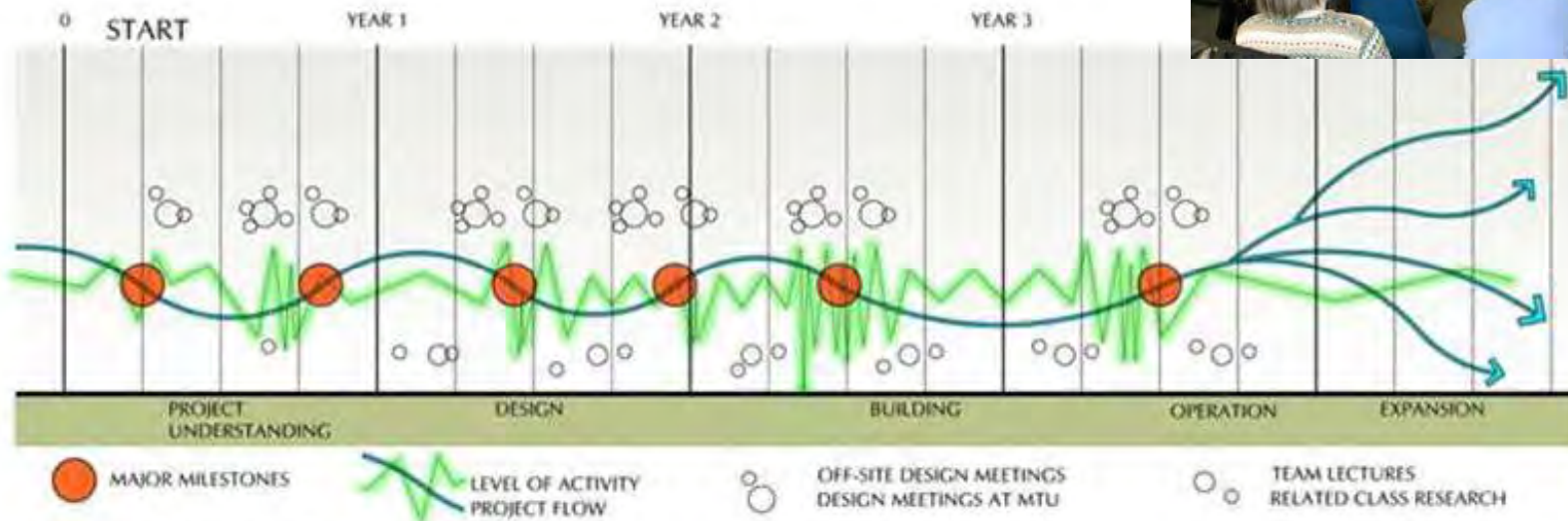
*Connect with purpose, cares, and concerns*



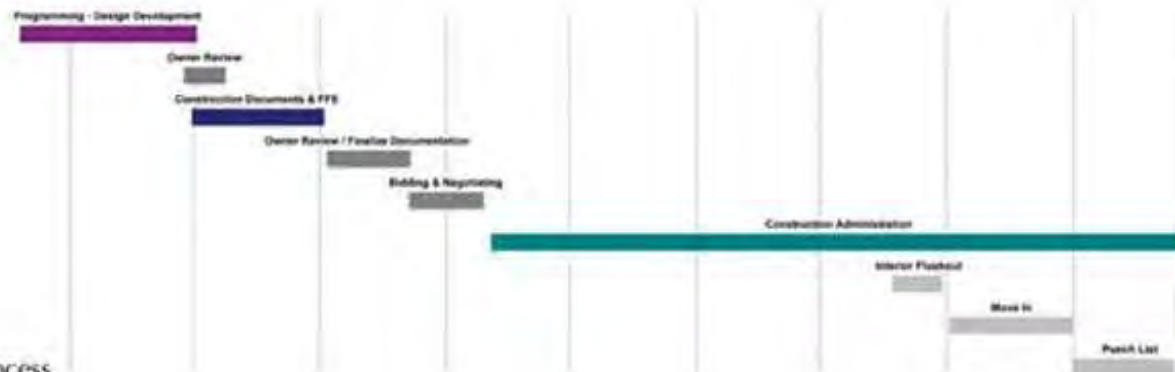


# Step 2 – Engage with a Collaborative Process

Collaboration, Flow & Teamwork



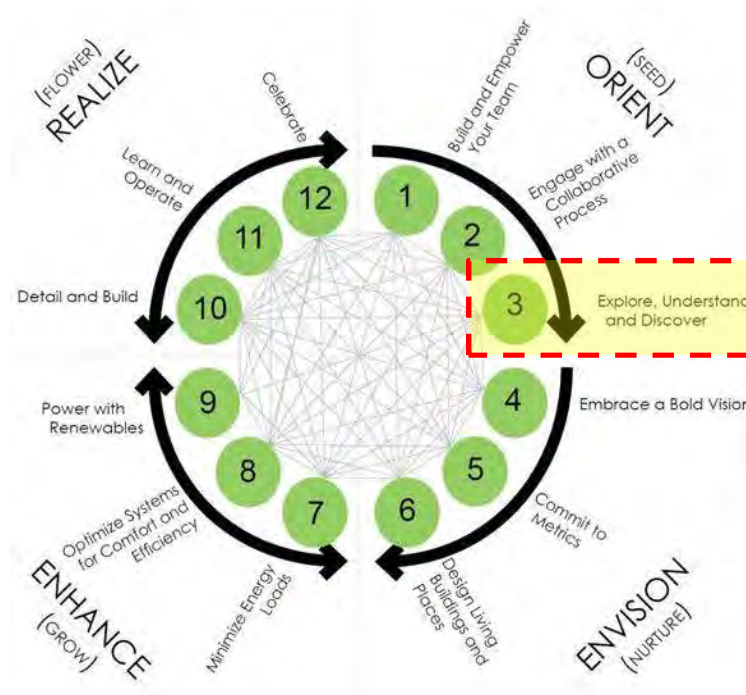
Collaborative Design Process



Typical Architectural Services Process

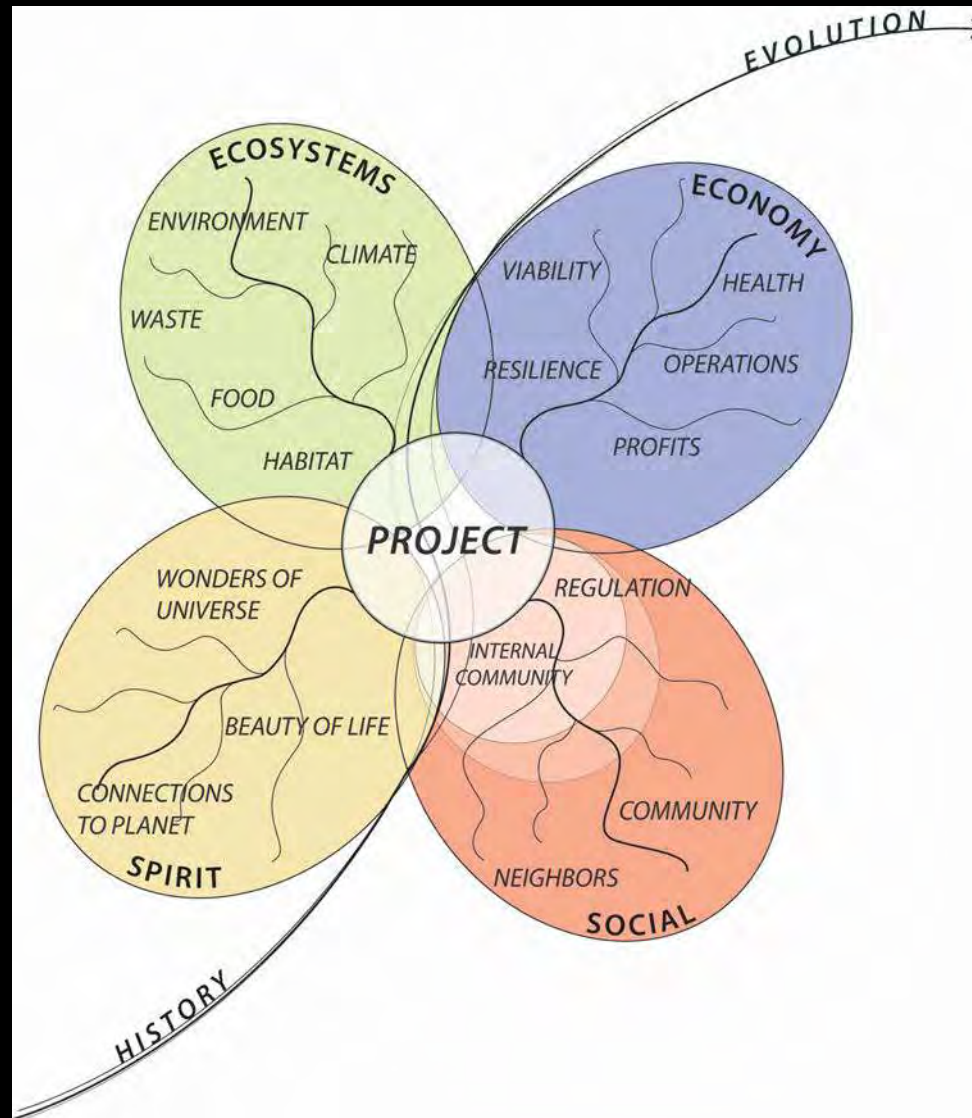
# ORIENT

- Step 3- Explore, Understand, and Discover
  1. Living in Worlds / World Views
  2. The Emergence and Evolution of World and Project



# Step 3- Explore, Understand, and Discover

*Living in Worlds / World Views*

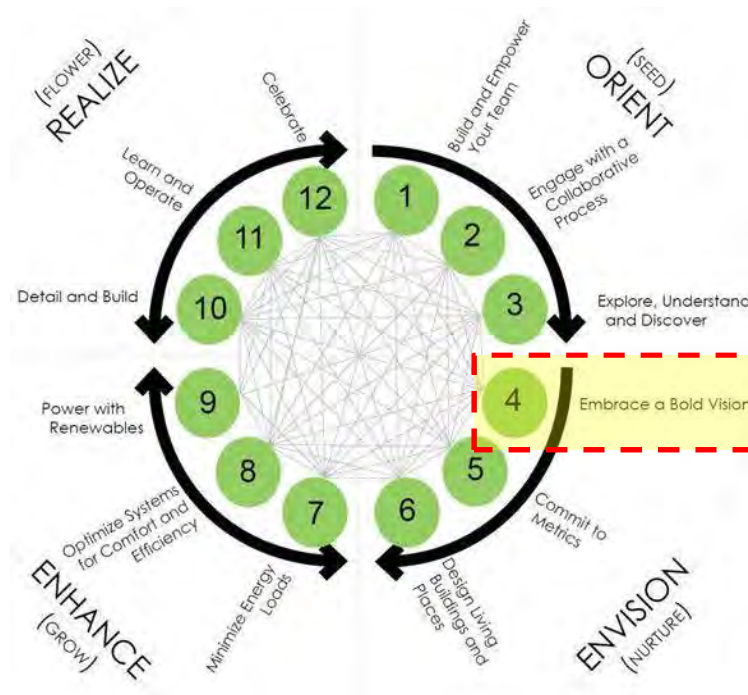






# ENVISION

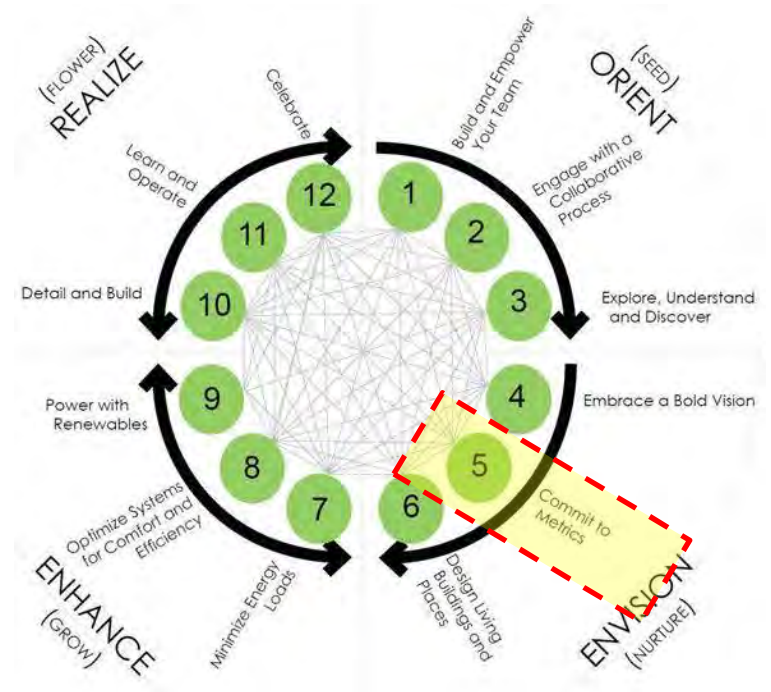
- Step 4- Embrace a Bold Vision
  1. Opening the Quest with Wonder
  2. Imagine Scenarios
  3. Creating a Vision that Lasts



# ENVISION

- Step 5 – Commit to Metrics
  - Purpose/Organizational Mission
  - Environmental Goals
    - Objectives / Metrics
  - Space Programming

Documented in Owner's Project Requirements (OPR)





## Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

### Define the environmental “goals” for the building

- *Who: Green Champion, architect, consultants with Owner(s)*
- *When: Pre-Schematic*



# Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

## Define the environmental “goals” for the building

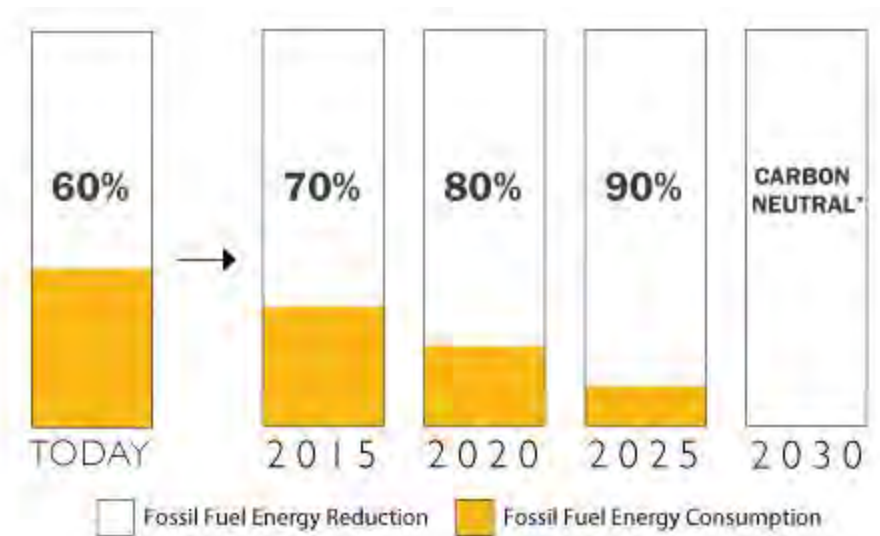
- Organization’s Mission
- Overall Environmental Goals for Project
- Specific Environmental Goals
  
- Examples, See handouts
  - *Shelburne Farms Goals*
  - *HMC Building Environmental Goals*
  - *Shelburne Farms Ecogoals#4*

# Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

## Translate goals into “objectives” or “metrics”

- *When you walk into the building, how do you know if you met a goal?*
- *Who: Green Champion on design team, architect, others on design team with Owner*
- *When: pre-Schen*



### The 2030 Challenge

Source: ©2010 2030/ Inc. / Architecture 2030. All Rights Reserved.  
\*Using no fossil fuel GHG-emitting energy to operate



## Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

# Clear metrics: Why Bother?



Guidance for  
design team during

- Visioning
- Designing
- Value  
engineering

## Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

### Translate goals into “objectives” or “metrics”

- *How do you know you met a goal when you walk into the building?*
- Goal: Daylight all regularly occupied spaces
  - Metric: Daylight sufficient and comfortable in all workspaces without electric light on a clear day
  - minimum 30 fc on work surfaces; max 120 fc



## Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

---

### Translate goals into “objectives” or “metrics”

- How do you know you met a goal when you walk into the building?
- *Moving into geek world!*
- *Net Zero goal is a numerical goal – This is a numbers game!*
- *ACTIVATE YOUR INNER GEEK! Or go find one!*
- ***Or train one!***



## Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

---

Low “Energy Usage Index”  
or  
EUI

## Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

### What's an EUI??

- Energy Use per Unit Area per year
  - kBtu/sq.ft.-yr
  - kWh/sq.m.-yr
- From all energy sources for the building

## Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

### What's an EUI??

100,000,000 Btu/year

-----

3,000 sq.ft.

= ~33,333 Btu/sq.ft. - yr

= 33 kBtu/sq.ft. -yr

= ~100 kWh/sq.m-yr

**SPECIFY IF THIS IS "SITE" OR "SOURCE" ENERGY**





BEFORE :

TRANSMISSION  
EFFICIENCY  
93%

COAL PLANT  
CONVERSION  
EFFICIENCY  
35%

MINING &  
TRANSPORT  
EFFICIENCY  
97%

32%  
Site

100%  
Source

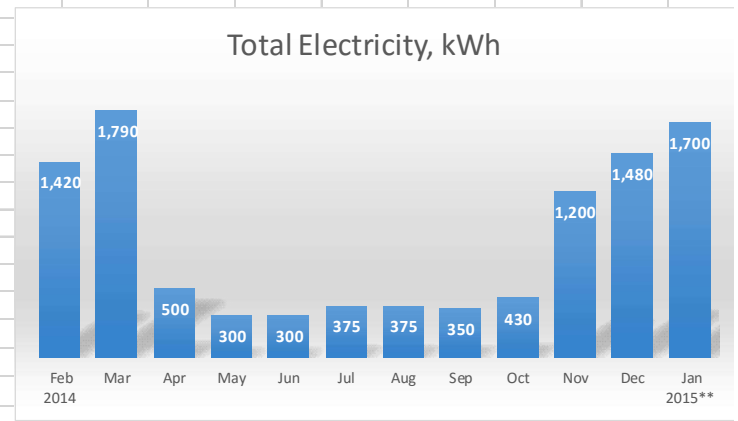
## EUI Metrics Calculators

- For monthly all electric home
  - *Electric heat normalization worksheet 170302.xlsx*
- For monthly data – all fuels
  - *Energy Statistics and EUI for Buildings for monthly data 170302.xlsx*
- For annual data – all fuels
  - *EUI calculator with **annual** data 170302.xlsx*

# Open this one:

- *Electric heat normalization worksheet 170302.xlsx*

Delia's House				8/28/2015																		
<b>Electric Use total*</b>																						
Month	kWh	May, June and Sep baseline -- no air conditning																				
Feb 2014	1,420	317	avg kWh/month, non-heating non-cooling months																			
Mar	1,790	select which baseline months to average																				
Apr	500	<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Annual heat only use</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6,103</td> <td>kWh for heating (Annual total - 13* summer baseline)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7,700</td> <td>Normal degree days (65 base)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.4</td> <td>Btu/sq.ft-dday -- <b>NOT NORMALIZED</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>8,651</td> <td>Degree days from period of usage</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>from wunderground.com</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2.1</td> <td>Btu/sq.ft-dday -- <b>NORMALIZED</b></td> </tr> <tr> <td>112%</td> <td>(ddays of study period)/(ddays normal)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5,432</td> <td>Normalized heating usage, kWh/yr</td> </tr> </table>		Annual heat only use		6,103	kWh for heating (Annual total - 13* summer baseline)	7,700	Normal degree days (65 base)	2.4	Btu/sq.ft-dday -- <b>NOT NORMALIZED</b>	8,651	Degree days from period of usage		from wunderground.com	2.1	Btu/sq.ft-dday -- <b>NORMALIZED</b>	112%	(ddays of study period)/(ddays normal)	5,432	Normalized heating usage, kWh/yr	
Annual heat only use																						
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2.1	Btu/sq.ft-dday -- <b>NORMALIZED</b>																					
112%	(ddays of study period)/(ddays normal)																					
5,432	Normalized heating usage, kWh/yr																					
May	300																					
Jun	300																					
Jul	375																					
Aug	375																					
Sep	350																					
Oct	430																					
Nov	1,200																					
Dec	1,480																					
Jan 2015**	1,700																					
Total	10,220																					
**est. from part month																						
1144	heated sq.ft.																					
<b>EUI - normalized</b>																						
90	kWh/sq.m-yr																					
28	kBtu/sq.ft-yr																					
* from electric utility data																						
Cost of electricity		\$ 0.15	per kWh																			
*** Not including monthly meter charge																						



**For average weather data**

Go to <http://www.nrcc.cornell.edu/ccd/nrmhdd.html> and find the closes w

**For weather data for period you have data for**

Got to wunderground.com. Use same weather station as you used for nc then "history" Enter the frist day of your data period in the date and click

Next, under the date, click "custom" and enter the first and last . Scroll down a bit to see annual degree days





# Open this one:

## *EUI calculator with annual data150821.xlsx*

<b>EUI Calculator</b>		EUI = Energy Usage Index		
<b>1 How big is the building?</b>				
Total fully conditioned sq.ft.		5,000		
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> <b>Andy Shapiro:</b>            Don't include unconditioned spaces or partially conditioned spaces such as unoccupied basements         </div>				
<b>2 How much fuel does the building use?</b>				
Fuel	Unit	Used per year	MMBtu/Unit	MMBtu/yr Use
Electricity	kWh	12,100	0.00341	41
Kerosene	Gal	100	0.137	14
Natural Gas	ccf	100	0.100	10
Oil	Gal	100	0.136	14
Propane	Gal	100	0.094	9
Cord Wood	Cord	1.0	20	20
Wood pellets	ton	10	16	160
wood chips	ton	5.0	9.0	45
TOTAL MMBtu Used per year				313
In this section enter one year of energy usage				
<b>3 Normalize heating usage for coldness of period of usage data</b>				
Fuel used for space heating only, MMBtu/yr		262		
Add up all fuels used for heating. If some used for both				
Normal Degree Days for your location		7,478		
starting date for fuel use data		1/1/2014		
ending date for fuel use data		12/31/2014		
Go to <a href="http://www.nrcc.cornell.edu/ccd/nrmhdd.html">http://www.nrcc.cornell.edu/ccd/nrmhdd.html</a> and f				

## Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

### **c. Example goal and metrics (Shelburne Farms)**

*A building that connects to the outdoors and adapts to the seasons: Natural light, multiple access points to the outdoors, patios and landscaping will allow full use of both indoor and outdoor spaces for gathering, eating, learning activities and reflection. The building will support activity that expands (is outdoor oriented) in the summer and contracts (is hearth/fire oriented) in the winter.*

- Objective/Metric: Daylighting will be used in all spaces.*
- Objective/Metric: All spaces will have a view out of a window.*
- Objective/Metric: Outdoor learning spaces will have appropriate weather protection and furniture for productive use in all seasons*

# Step 5 – Commit to Metrics

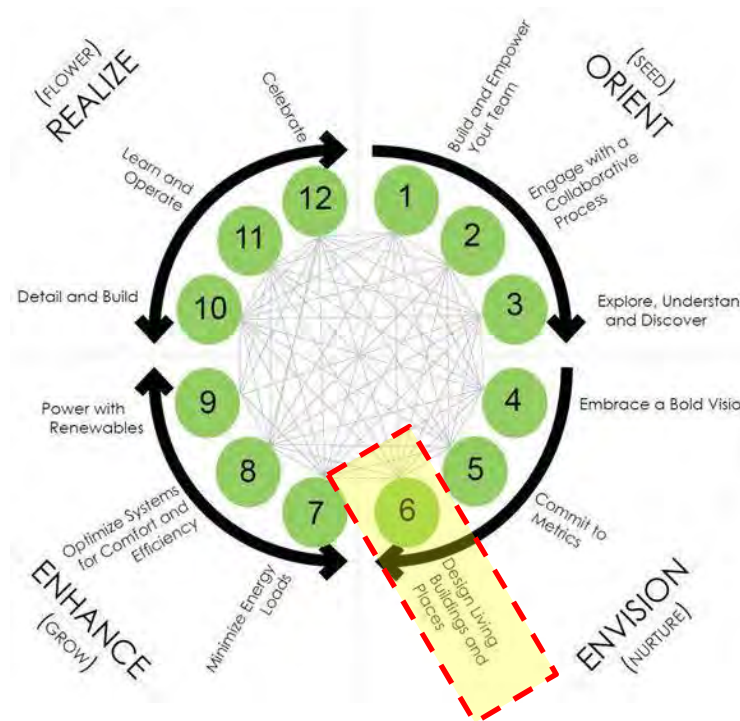
*Purpose, Goals, Objectives / Metrics*

## Example

- Goal: Air tight building
  - *Metric: tested air leakage no more than 0.05 cfm@50 Pa air leakage per square foot of above grade shell area (0.05 cfm50/sq.ft. shell)*
- Goal: An energy efficient building
  - *Metric: 20 kBtu/sq.ft. year total energy actual usage (site energy) from all sources*
- Goal: Net Zero building
  - *Metric: Site energy consumption is at least 100% offset by on-site energy production*

# ENVISION

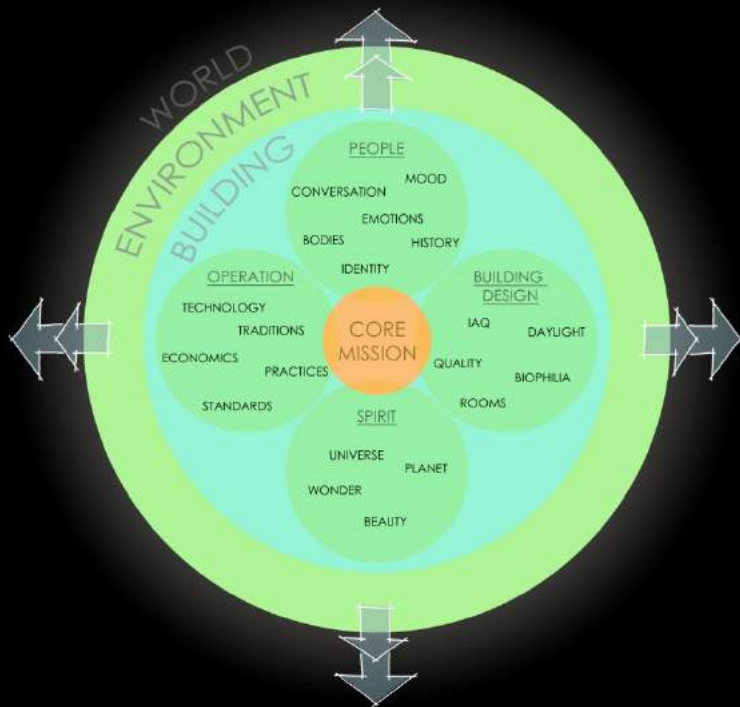
- Step 6 -Design Living Buildings and Places
  1. Organizational Ecology
  2. Living Systems, Design and Building Formats
  3. Health for Occupants and Environment





# Step 6 -Design Living Buildings and Places

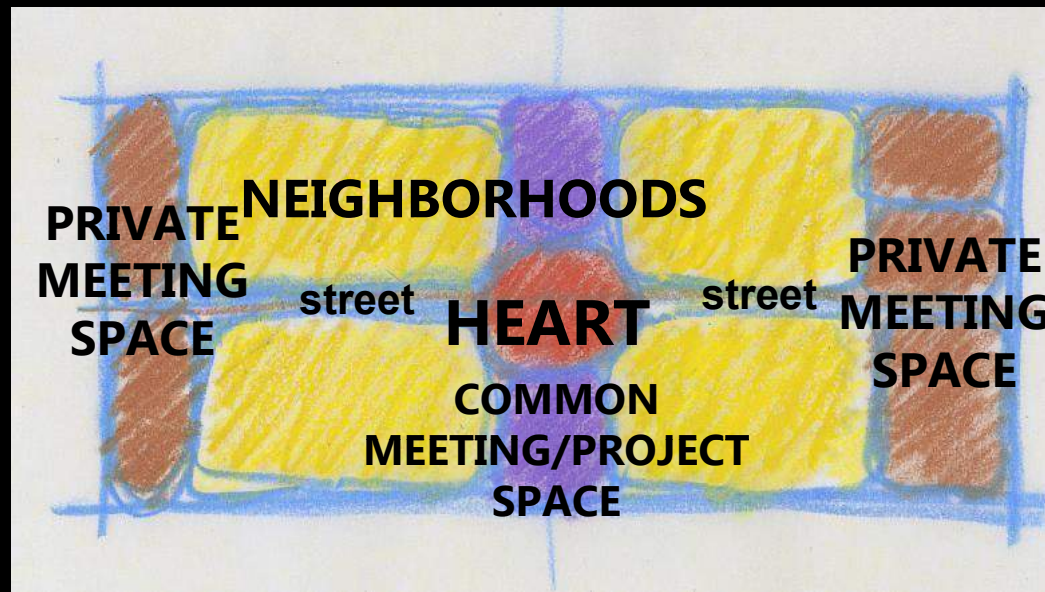
## Organizational Ecology





# Step 6 -Design Living Buildings and Places

*Living Systems, Design and Building Formats*





# Step 6 -Design Living Buildings and Places

## Connect Building to Site

